

# Fertility, childbearing age, and education

## Online Appendix

January, 2026

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### Online Appendix C Proofs of Propositions A.1, A.2, and A.3

#### Solutions and conditions of the utility maximization problem

The objective function of the period 2 maximization problem now becomes

$$\ln\{gA(1+\rho e)^\alpha h_1[1-g_\delta\delta-\lambda(\theta_q+\theta_e e_{c2})n_2]\} + \ln[n_1(1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} + n_2(1+g_{\rho_c}\rho_c e_{c2})^{\alpha_c}]. \quad (1)$$

The first order conditions are

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial e_{c2}} = n_2 \left[ \frac{-\lambda\theta_e}{1-g_\delta\delta-\lambda(\theta_q+\theta_e e_{c2})n_2} + \frac{\alpha_c g_{\rho_c}\rho_c(1+g_{\rho_c}\rho_c e_{c2})^{\alpha_c-1}}{n_1(1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} + n_2(1+g_{\rho_c}\rho_c e_{c2})^{\alpha_c}} \right] \leq 0, \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_2} = \frac{-\lambda(\theta_q+\theta_e e_{c2})}{1-g_\delta\delta-\lambda(\theta_q+\theta_e e_{c2})n_2} + \frac{(1+g_{\rho_c}\rho_c e_{c2})^{\alpha_c}}{n_1(1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} + n_2(1+g_{\rho_c}\rho_c e_{c2})^{\alpha_c}} \leq 0. \quad (3)$$

From  $g_\delta \leq 1$ ,  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_2} = 0$  could hold. Thus, when  $n_2 > 0$ , from  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_2} = 0$ ,

$$n_1(1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} + n_2(1+g_{\rho_c}\rho_c e_{c2})^{\alpha_c} = \frac{(1+g_{\rho_c}\rho_c e_{c2})^{\alpha_c}}{\lambda(\theta_q+\theta_e e_{c2})} [1-g_\delta\delta-\lambda(\theta_q+\theta_e e_{c2})n_2]. \quad (4)$$

By substituting this equation into (65),

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial e_{c2}} = \frac{\lambda n_2}{1-g_\delta\delta-\lambda(\theta_q+\theta_e e_{c2})n_2} \left[ -\theta_e + \frac{\alpha_c g_{\rho_c}\rho_c(\theta_q+\theta_e e_{c2})}{1+g_{\rho_c}\rho_c e_{c2}} \right]. \quad (5)$$

When  $n_2 > 0$ ,  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial e_{c2}} = 0$  from  $g_{\rho_c} \geq 1$ . Thus,

$$e_{c2} = \frac{\alpha_c g_{\rho_c}\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e g_{\rho_c}\rho_c}. \quad (6)$$

When  $n_2 > 0$ , from (66),

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$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_2} \Big|_{n_2=0} = \frac{-\lambda(\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1})}{1-g_\delta \delta} + \frac{(1+g_{\rho_c} \rho_c e_{c2})^{\alpha_c}}{n_1(1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c}} > 0. \quad (7)$$

From (67) and (69), the equation corresponding to (33) of the time-invariant case is

$$n_2 = \frac{(1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{\theta_e (1-\alpha_c)} \right]^{\alpha_c} - \lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} n_1}{2\lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{\theta_e (1-\alpha_c)} \right]^{\alpha_c}}. \quad (8)$$

Thus, the objective function of the period 1 maximization problem becomes

$$\begin{aligned} U = & \ln \{ A h_1 [1 - \delta - \eta e - (\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1}) n_1] \} \\ & + \ln \left\{ g A (1 + \rho e)^{\alpha} h_1 \frac{(1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{\theta_e (1-\alpha_c)} \right]^{\alpha_c} + \lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} n_1}{2 g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{\theta_e (1-\alpha_c)} \right]^{\alpha_c}} \right\} \\ & + \ln \left\{ \frac{(1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{\theta_e (1-\alpha_c)} \right]^{\alpha_c} + \lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} n_1}{2\lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

The first order conditions are

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_1} = \frac{-(\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1})}{1-\delta-\eta e - (\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1}) n_1} + \frac{2\lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c}}{(1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{\theta_e (1-\alpha_c)} \right]^{\alpha_c} + \lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} n_1} \leq 0, \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial e_{c1}} = n_1 \left\{ \frac{-\theta_e}{1-\delta-\eta e - (\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1}) n_1} + \frac{2\lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) \alpha_c \rho_c (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c - 1}}{(1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{\theta_e (1-\alpha_c)} \right]^{\alpha_c} + \lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} n_1} \right\} \leq 0, \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial e} = \frac{-\eta}{1-\delta-\eta e - (\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1}) n_1} + \frac{\alpha \rho}{1+\rho e} \leq 0. \quad (12)$$

When  $n_1 > 0$ , from  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_1} = 0$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} & (1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{\theta_e (1-\alpha_c)} \right]^{\alpha_c} + \lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c} n_1 \\ & = \frac{2\lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c}}{\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1}} [1 - \delta - \eta e - (\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1}) n_1]. \end{aligned}$$

By substituting this equation into (74),

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial e_{c1}} = \frac{n_1}{1-\delta-\eta e - (\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1}) n_1} \left[ -\theta_e + \frac{\alpha_c \rho_c (\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1})}{1+\rho_c e_{c1}} \right]. \quad (13)$$

Thus, when  $n_1 > 0$ ,  $e_{c1} = \frac{\alpha_c \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e}{(1-\alpha_c) \theta_e \rho_c}$  from  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial e_{c1}} = 0$ .

When  $n_1 = (>)0$ , from (73),

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_1} \Big|_{n_1=0} = \frac{-(\theta_q + \theta_e e_{c1})}{1-\delta-\eta e} + \frac{2\lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) (1+\rho_c e_{c1})^{\alpha_c}}{(1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{\theta_e (1-\alpha_c)} \right]^{\alpha_c}} \leq (>)0. \quad (14)$$

When  $e = (>)0$ , from (75),

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial e} |_{e=0} = \frac{-\eta}{1-\delta-(\theta_q+\theta_e e_{c1})n_1} + \alpha\rho \leq (>)0. \quad (15)$$

**Case (3): When  $n_1 > 0$  and  $e = 0$**

In this case, values of variables are  $e = 0$ ,  $e_{c1} = \frac{\alpha_c \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e \rho_c}$  and  $e_{c2} = \frac{\alpha_c g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e g_{\rho_c} \rho_c}$ ,

$$n_1 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c [(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} 2\lambda - (1-g_\delta \delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}]}{3\lambda(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}, \quad (16)$$

$$\text{and } n_2 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c [2(1-g_\delta \delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - (1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \lambda]}{3\lambda(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}. \quad (17)$$

By substituting these values of  $n_1$ ,  $e_{c1}$ , and  $e_{c2}$  into  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_2} > 0$  when  $n_2 = 0$ , (70),

$$\frac{-\lambda \frac{g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e}{g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c)} + \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e} \right]^{\alpha_c}}{1-g_\delta \delta} + \frac{\left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e} \right]^{\alpha_c}}{(1-\alpha_c) [(1-\delta)\rho_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} 2\lambda - (1-g_\delta \delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}]} > 0.$$

By substituting the values of  $e$  and  $e_{c1}$  into  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_1} > 0$  when  $n_1 = 0$ , (77),

$$\frac{\frac{\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e}{\rho_c (1-\alpha_c)}}{1-\delta} + \frac{2\lambda (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e} \right]^{\alpha_c}}{(1-g_\delta \delta)g_{\rho_c} \rho_c (1-\alpha_c) \left[ \frac{\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e} \right]^{\alpha_c}} > 0 \Leftrightarrow \lambda > \frac{(1-g_\delta \delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{2(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}. \quad (18)$$

Because  $g_{\rho_c}$  is not large and  $g_\delta$  is not small, (81) always holds.

By substituting the values of  $n_1$  and  $e_{c1}$  into  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial e} \leq 0$  when  $e = 0$ , (78),

$$\frac{-\eta}{1-\delta - \frac{\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e}{\rho_c (1-\alpha_c)} \frac{(1-\alpha_c) [(1-\delta)\rho_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} 2\lambda - (1-g_\delta \delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}]}{3\lambda(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}} + \alpha\rho \leq 0.$$

Hence, the conditions for this case to be realized are

$$\lambda < \frac{2(1-g_\delta \delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}, \quad (19)$$

$$\rho \leq \frac{3\lambda\eta (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{\alpha [(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \lambda + (1-g_\delta \delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}]}. \quad (20)$$

**Case (4): When  $n_1 > 0$  and  $e > 0$**

In this case, values of variables are  $e_{c1} = \frac{\alpha_c \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e \rho_c}$ ,  $e_{c2} = \frac{\alpha_c g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e g_{\rho_c} \rho_c}$ ,

$$n_1 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c \{2[(1-\delta)\rho + \eta](g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \lambda - (1+\alpha)\rho(1-g_\delta \delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\}}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\rho(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}, \quad (21)$$

$$n_2 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c[(2+\alpha)\rho(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - [(1-\delta)\rho+\eta](g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\lambda]}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\rho(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)}, \quad (22)$$

$$\text{and } e = \frac{\alpha\rho[(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\lambda + (1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}] - 3\lambda\eta(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\rho\eta(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}. \quad (23)$$

By substituting these values of  $n_1$ ,  $e_{c1}$ , and  $e_{c2}$  into  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_2} > 0$  when  $n_2 = 0$ , (70),

$$\frac{-\lambda\frac{g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e}{g_{\rho_c}\rho_c(1-\alpha_c)}}{1-g_\delta\delta} + \frac{\left[\frac{\alpha_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}\right]^{\alpha_c}}{\left[\frac{\alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}\right]^{\alpha_c}} \frac{(3+\alpha)\lambda\rho(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{(1-\alpha_c)[2[(1-\delta)\rho+\eta]\rho_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\lambda - (1+\alpha)\rho(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}\rho_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}]} > 0.$$

By substituting the values of  $e$  and  $e_{c1}$  into  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial n_1} > 0$  when  $n_1 = 0$ , (77),

$$\frac{-\frac{\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e}{\rho_c(1-\alpha_c)}}{1-\delta-\eta\frac{\alpha\rho[(1-\delta)\rho_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\lambda + (1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}] - 3\lambda\eta\rho_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\rho\eta\rho_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}} + \frac{2\lambda(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)\left[\frac{\alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}\right]^{\alpha_c}}{(1-g_\delta\delta)(1-\alpha_c)g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\left[\frac{\alpha_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)}{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}\right]^{\alpha_c}} > 0 \Leftrightarrow \lambda > \frac{(1+\alpha)\rho(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{2[(1-\delta)\rho+\eta](g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}. \quad (24)$$

Because  $g_{\rho_c}$  is not large and  $g_\delta$  is not small, (87) always holds.

By substituting the values of  $n_1$  and  $e_{c1}$  into  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial e} > 0$  when  $e = 0$ , (78),

$$\frac{-\eta}{1-\delta_1 - \frac{\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e(1-\alpha_c)[2[(1-\delta)\rho+\eta]\rho_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\lambda - (1+\alpha)\rho(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}\rho_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}]}{\rho_c(1-\alpha_c)} + \alpha\rho > 0.$$

Hence, the conditions for this case to be realized are

$$\lambda < \frac{(2+\alpha)\rho(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{[(1-\delta)\rho+\eta](g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}, \quad (25)$$

$$\lambda < \frac{\rho(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{[3\eta-(1-\delta)\rho\alpha](g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}} \Leftrightarrow \rho > \frac{3\lambda\eta(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{\alpha[(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\lambda + (1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}]}. \quad (26)$$

## Proof of Proposition A.1

$$(1) \ n_1 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c[(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}2\lambda - (1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}]}{3\lambda(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}} \text{ from (79).}$$

$$\frac{dn_1}{d\rho_c} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} \left\{ \frac{1}{\lambda}g_{\rho_c}(1-g_\delta\delta)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}[\alpha_c\rho_c\theta_q(g_{\rho_c}-1) + (\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)] - 2(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} \right\} < \frac{2(1-\alpha_c)^2(1-\delta)\rho_c\theta_q\theta_e}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)}(1-g_{\rho_c}) \leq 0$$

from (81) and  $g_{\rho_c} \geq 1$ .

$$\frac{dn_1}{dg_{\rho_c}} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c(1-g_\delta\delta)}{3\lambda(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}}(\theta_e - \alpha_c g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q) < 0 \text{ from } \rho_c > \frac{\theta_e}{\alpha_c\theta_q} \text{ and } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$\frac{dn_1}{d\delta} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)\lambda(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}} \left[ g_{\rho_c}g_\delta(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - 2\lambda(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right] <$$

$$\frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c g_{\rho_c}}{3(1-\delta)\lambda(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}} (g_\delta - 1) \leq 0 \text{ from (81) and } g_\delta \leq 1.$$

$$\frac{dn_1}{d\theta_q} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c^2}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} \left\{ -2(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} + \frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right\}$$

$$\left[ \alpha_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) \right] < \frac{2(1-\alpha_c)^2(1-\delta)\rho_c^2\theta_e}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} (1-g_{\rho_c}) \leq 0 \text{ from (81) and } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$\frac{dn_1}{d\theta_e} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} \left\{ 2(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} - \frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \left[ \alpha_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) \right] \right\} > \frac{2(1-\alpha_c)^2(1-\delta)\rho_c^2\theta_q}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} (g_{\rho_c} - 1) \geq 0 \text{ from (81) and } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$(2) \ n_2 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c \left[ 2(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - (1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \lambda \right]}{3\lambda(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} \text{ from (80).}$$

Since

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\rho_c} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left\{ (1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \left[ \alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) \right] - 2\frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} \right\},$$

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\rho_c} < (\geq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{2(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}}{(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \left[ \alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) \right]}.$$

Since

$$\frac{dn_2}{dg_{\rho_c}} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left[ (1-\delta)\alpha_c\rho_c\theta_q(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - 2\frac{1}{\lambda}\theta_e(1-g_\delta\delta)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right], \quad \frac{dn_2}{dg_{\rho_c}} <$$

$$(\geq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{2\theta_e(1-g_\delta\delta)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{(1-\delta)\alpha_c\rho_c\theta_q(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}.$$

$$\text{Since } \frac{dn_2}{d\delta} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} \left[ (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - 2\frac{1}{\lambda}g_{\rho_c}g_\delta(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right],$$

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\delta} < (\geq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{2g_{\rho_c}g_\delta(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}.$$

Since

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\theta_q} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c^2}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left\{ (1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \left[ \alpha_c g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) \right] - 2\frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}^2(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} \right\},$$

$$2\frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}^2(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c},$$

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\theta_q} < (\geq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{2(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}^2(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}}{(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \left[ \alpha_c g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) \right]}.$$

Since

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\theta_e} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left\{ 2\frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} - (1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \left[ \alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) \right] \right\},$$

$$\left[ \alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) \right],$$

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\theta_e} > (\leq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{2(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}}{(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}[\alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)+(1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)]}$$

## Proof of Proposition A.2

$$(1) \ n_1 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c\{2[(1-\delta)\rho+\eta](g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\lambda-(1+\alpha)\rho(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\}}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\rho(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}} \text{ from (84).}$$

$$\frac{dn_1}{d\rho_c} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} \left\{ \frac{1}{\lambda} (1+\alpha)(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} [(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) - (1-\alpha_c)\rho_c\theta_q(g_{\rho_c}-1)] - 2 \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} \right\} < \frac{2(1-\alpha_c)^2\rho_c\theta_q\theta_e \left[ \frac{(1-\delta)+\eta}{\rho} \right]}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} (1-g_{\rho_c}) \leq 0 \text{ from (87) and } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$\frac{dn_1}{dg_{\rho_c}} = \frac{(1+\alpha)(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c(1-g_\delta\delta)}{(3+\alpha)\lambda(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} (\theta_e - \alpha_c g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q) < 0 \text{ from } \rho_c > \frac{\theta_e}{\alpha_c\theta_q} \text{ and } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$\frac{dn_1}{d\delta} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}} \left[ \frac{1}{\lambda} (1+\alpha)g_{\rho_c}g_\delta(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - 2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right] \leq$$

$$\frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}} \left[ (1+\alpha)g_{\rho_c}g_\delta(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - 2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right] < 0$$

from  $\lambda \geq 1$  and the assumption that  $g_{\rho_c} \geq 1$  is not large.

$$\frac{dn_1}{d\theta_q} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c^2}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} \left\{ -2 \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} + \frac{1}{\lambda} (1+\alpha)(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} [\alpha_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)] \right\} < \frac{2(1-\alpha_c)^2 \left[ \frac{(1-\delta)+\eta}{\rho} \right] \rho_c^2 \theta_e}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} (1-g_{\rho_c}) \leq 0 \text{ from (87)}$$

and  $g_{\rho_c} \geq 1$ .

$$\frac{dn_1}{d\theta_e} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} \left\{ 2 \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} - \frac{1}{\lambda} (1+\alpha)(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} [\alpha_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)] \right\} > \frac{2(1-\alpha_c)^2 \left[ \frac{(1-\delta)+\eta}{\rho} \right] \rho_c^2 \theta_q}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} (g_{\rho_c}-1) \geq 0 \text{ from (87) and } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$(2) \ n_2 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c \left[ (2+\alpha)\rho(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - [(1-\delta)\rho+\eta](g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\lambda \right]}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\rho(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} \text{ from (85).}$$

Since

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\rho_c} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} \left\{ \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} [\alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)] - (2+\alpha)\frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} \right\},$$

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\rho_c} < (\geq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{(2+\alpha)\rho(1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}}{[(1-\delta)\rho+\eta](g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}[\alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)+(1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)]}$$

Since

$$\frac{dn_2}{dg_{\rho_c}} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left[ \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] \alpha_c\rho_c\theta_q(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - (2+\alpha)\frac{1}{\lambda}\theta_e(1-g_\delta\delta)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right], \frac{dn_2}{dg_{\rho_c}} < (\geq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{(2+\alpha)\rho\theta_e(1-g_\delta\delta)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{[(1-\delta)\rho+\eta]\alpha_c\rho_c\theta_q(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}.$$

$$\text{Since } \frac{dn_2}{d\delta} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} \left[ (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - (2+\alpha)\frac{1}{\lambda}g_{\rho_c}g_\delta(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right], \quad \frac{dn_2}{d\delta} < (\geq) 0$$

when  $\lambda < (\geq) \frac{(2+\alpha)g_{\rho_c}g_{\delta}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}$ .

Since

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\theta_q} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c^2}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left\{ -(2+\alpha)\frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_{\delta}\delta)g_{\rho_c}^2(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} + \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} [\alpha_c g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)] \right\},$$

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\theta_q} < (\geq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{(2+\alpha)\rho(1-g_{\delta}\delta)g_{\rho_c}^2(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}}{[(1-\delta)\rho+\eta](g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}[\alpha_c g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)+(1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)]}.$$

Since

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\theta_e} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left\{ (2+\alpha)\frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_{\delta}\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c} - \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} [\alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)] \right\},$$

$$\frac{dn_2}{d\theta_e} > (\leq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{(2+\alpha)\rho(1-g_{\delta}\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}}{[(1-\delta)\rho+\eta](g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}[\alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)+(1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)]}.$$

$$(3) \quad e = \frac{\alpha\rho[(1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}\lambda+(1-g_{\delta}\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}]-3\lambda\eta(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\rho\eta(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}} \text{ from (86).}$$

$$\frac{de}{d\rho_c} = \frac{\alpha(1-g_{\delta}\delta)g_{\rho_c}(1-\alpha_c)\theta_q\theta_e}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\eta(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} (g_{\rho_c} - 1) \geq 0 \text{ from } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$\frac{de}{dg_{\rho_c}} = \frac{\alpha(1-g_{\delta}\delta)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\eta(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} (\alpha_c g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e) > 0 \text{ from } \rho_c > \frac{\theta_e}{\alpha_c\theta_q} \text{ and } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$\frac{de}{d\theta_q} = \frac{\alpha(1-\alpha_c)(1-g_{\delta}\delta)g_{\rho_c}\theta_e}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\eta(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} (g_{\rho_c} - 1) \geq 0 \text{ from } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

$$\frac{de}{d\theta_e} = \frac{\alpha(1-\alpha_c)(1-g_{\delta}\delta)g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q}{(3+\alpha)\lambda\eta(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{2-\alpha_c}} (1 - g_{\rho_c}) \leq 0 \text{ from } g_{\rho_c} \geq 1.$$

### Proof of Proposition A.3

(1)  $n_1 + n_2 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)} \left\{ [2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} - (\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c}](1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} + [2(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} - (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c}] \frac{1}{\lambda}(1-g_{\delta}\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right\}$  from (79) and (80).  $n_1 + n_2$  decreases with  $\lambda$ ,  $\delta$  and  $g_{\delta}$  from the assumption that  $g_{\rho_c} \geq 1$  is not large.

$$\frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{d\rho_c} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}{3(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left\{ (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)] - 2(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c} \right\} \frac{1}{\lambda} g_{\rho_c} (1-g_{\delta}\delta)(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} + \left\{ (\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)] - 2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c} \right\} (1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} < 0$$

from the assumption that  $g_{\rho_c} \geq 1$  is not large.

Since

$$\frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{dg_{\rho_c}} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{3\lambda(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left\{ \lambda(1-\delta)\alpha_c\rho_c\theta_q(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c}(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - (1-g_{\delta}\delta)(\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} \right\}$$

$$\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} [(\alpha_c g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} + 2\theta_e(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c}],$$

$$\frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{dg_{\rho_c}} < (\geq) 0 \text{ when } \lambda < (\geq) \frac{(1-g_\delta \delta)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-2\alpha_c} [(\alpha_c g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} + 2\theta_e(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c}]}{(1-\delta)\alpha_c \rho_c \theta_q (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}.$$

$$\frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{d\theta_q} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c^2}{3(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^2 (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^2} \left( \{(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - g_{\rho_c} \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)] - \right.$$

$$2(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c}\} (1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} + \{(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - g_{\rho_c} \theta_e)] - 2g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c}\} \frac{1}{\lambda} (1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} < 0$$

from the assumption that  $g_{\rho_c}$  is not large.

$$\frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{d\theta_e} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{3(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^2 (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^2} \left( \{2(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c} - (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)]\} (1-\delta)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} + \{2(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c} - (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)]\} \frac{1}{\lambda} (1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} > 0$$

from the assumption that  $g_{\rho_c}$  is not large.

$$(2) \quad n_1 + n_2 = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)} \left\{ [2(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} - (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c}] \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} + [(2+\alpha)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} - (1+\alpha)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c}] \frac{1}{\lambda} (1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right\}$$

from (84) and (85).  $n_1 + n_2$  decreases with  $\lambda$ ,  $\delta$  and  $g_\delta$  from the assumption that  $g_{\rho_c} \geq 1$  is not large.

$$\frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{d\rho_c} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\theta_e}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^2 (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^2} \left( \{(1+\alpha)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)] - (2+\alpha)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c}\} \frac{1}{\lambda} g_{\rho_c} (1-g_\delta \delta) (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} + \{(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)] - 2(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c}\} \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} < 0$$

from the assumption that  $g_{\rho_c}$  is not large.

Since

$$\frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{dg_{\rho_c}} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^2} \left\{ \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] \alpha_c \rho_c \theta_q (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} - \frac{1}{\lambda} (1-g_\delta \delta) (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right\}$$

$$\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} [(1+\alpha)(\alpha_c g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} + (2+\alpha)\theta_e(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c}], \frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{dg_{\rho_c}} < (\geq) 0 \text{ when}$$

$$\lambda < (\geq) \frac{(1-g_\delta \delta)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-2\alpha_c} \rho_c [(1+\alpha)(\alpha_c g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} + (2+\alpha)\theta_e(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c}]}{[(1-\delta)\rho + \eta]\alpha_c \rho_c \theta_q (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c}}.$$

$$\frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{d\theta_q} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c^2}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^2 (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^2} \left( \{(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - g_{\rho_c} \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)] - \right.$$

$$2(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c}\} \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} + \{(1+\alpha)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c (g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c} \rho_c \theta_q - g_{\rho_c} \theta_e)] - (2+\alpha)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c}\} \frac{1}{\lambda} (1-g_\delta \delta) g_{\rho_c} (\rho_c \theta_q - \theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} < 0$$

from the assumption that  $g_{\rho_c}$  is not large.

$$\frac{d(n_1+n_2)}{d\theta_e} = \frac{(1-\alpha_c)\rho_c}{(3+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^2} \left( \left\{ (2+\alpha)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c} - (1+\alpha)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)] \right\} \frac{1}{\lambda} (1-g_\delta\delta)g_{\rho_c}(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} + \left\{ 2(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1+\alpha_c} - (\rho_c\theta_q - \theta_e)^{\alpha_c} [\alpha_c(\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e) + (1-\alpha_c)(g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)] \right\} \left[ (1-\delta) + \frac{\eta}{\rho} \right] (g_{\rho_c}\rho_c\theta_q-\theta_e)^{1-\alpha_c} \right) > 0$$

from the assumption that  $g_{\rho_c}$  is not large. ■